THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong.... To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. III.] Camp Douglas, U. T., Monday Morning, January 23, 1865. [No. 67.

The Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,) AT

CAMP DOUGLAS, U. T.,

FOR OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN

—OF THE—

California and Nevada Volunteers.

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☞ Special Notices charged for at the rate of fifty cents a line, each insertion.

☞ Marriages, Births, and Deaths are published in this paper free of charge.

☞ All Orders addressed "To the Publishers of the Daily Union Vedette, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory," will meet with prompt attention.

☞ All Communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the Daily Union Vedette, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

☞ Mr. Lucius A. Billings is our authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Orders left for him at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse, Main street, will be promptly attended to.

L. P. FISHER,

No. 629 Washington Street, is the only Agent for The Daily Union Vedette, in the city of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

J. M. SIMMONS,

Assistant Assessor Internal Revenue. First Division, District of Utah.

Residence: Two doors east of the Theatre, opposite City Hall, Salt Lake City. d20tf

JAS. M. THURMOND,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

Office at Oriental Hotel, up stairs.

Particular attention given to Criminal business. All Legal Instruments drawn up on the shortest notice. d3tf

J. P. TIERNAN, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

SALT LAKE HOUSE.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and from 4 to 9 P. M. pjan3

JAS. W. STEVENS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, will practice in all the Courts of the Territory. Office on 1st East Temple street, opposite Seventy's Hall. oct11-tf

GILBERT & SONS.

Dealers in

Groceries, Hardware, Clothing etc.

o3tf Main St., next to Salt Lake House.

SALT LAKE HOUSE,

F. LITTLE.....Proprietor.

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City. n26tf

Mansion House!

Corner of Emigration Street and State Road,

Great Salt Lake City,

W. B. WELTON, Proprietor.

T. D. BROWN & SON,

Provision Store,

EXPRESS & EXCHANGE OFFICE,

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

AUSTIN M. CLARK. | JOHN W. KERR. | M. H. CLARK.

CLARK & CO.,

BANKERS,

East Temple st., (Salt Lake House,) G. S. L. City.

Exchange Sold on all parts of the United States and Europe. d26tf

HADLEY & MINER,

Auction and Commission Merchants

Main Street, No. 5, below 2d South Temple street.

All kinds of Merchandise bought and sold on Commission.

Stock Sales at 10 A. M., Regular Sales every evening at six o'clock. d23tf

Commission Merchant,

208 BATTERY STREET,

San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.

" " Austin, Nevada Territory.

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. 1y3

T. B. HELLER. B. F. SNYDER.

HELLER & SNYDER,

Agents and Commission Merchants,

Second South Temple Street, two doors from East Temple Street, (west.)

Will sell at public and private sale, at Ten o'clock every morning, Horses, Wagons, Merchandise, etc. Warehouse for Storage.

Wanted: Produce of all kinds. d9tf

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Dealers in

Dry Goods & Ready Made Clothing

d3tf Main Street, Salt Lake City.

UNITED STATES SALOON.

W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.

This is the FIRST and OLDEST established House in

SALT LAKE CITY.

If you wish the BEST DRINK, cold or hot, call at this house.

If you wish the BEST COCKTAIL, call at this house.

If you wish to smoke the BEST CIGAR, call at this house.

If you wish to read the LATEST NEWS, call at this house.

If you wish to be TREATED LIKE A GENTLEMAN, call at this house.

A GOOD FIRE

always kept at this House.

Saloon Hours from 4 o'clock in the morning until 10 at night. d25tf

TELEGRAPH COAL BED.

PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at the Mine at the shortest notice.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office or at the Mine, will be promptly attended to

GEO. W. CARLETON,

Great Salt Lake City, April 8th 1864. d113t

National Corral and Livery Stable

NEXT TO NATIONAL HOTEL, 1ST SOUTH TEMPLE STREET, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

THE subscribers have fitted up a good sty'e Stable and Corral, and are now able to furnish

GOOD SADDLE ANIMALS

—AND—

Splendid Turn-Outs

to all who may favor them with their patronage.

HORSES GROOMED AND BOARDED BY THE DAY OR WEEK.

d4tf MOREHOUS & WALL.

BOUNTIES! BOUNTIES!!

The Highest Price Paid for

CALIFORNIA BOUNTIES,

—AT THE—

San Francisco Clothing House.

nov8tf AARON NEWFIELD.

M. BERGER. I. MORRIS.

PROVISION MARKET!

The undersigned having procured a stall in the

NEW CITY MARKET,

Will keep constantly on hand a good stock of

CHOICE FRUITS, GROCERIES, BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS,

Which we will sell at prices to suit the times.

n17tf MORRIS & BERGER.

FOR SALE!

GUNNY SACKS, EMPTY BARRELS, AND PACKING BOXES, of all sizes, for sale at the Subsistence Warehouse, Great Salt Lake City. oct11tf

ORIENTAL RESTAURANT.

(On the San Francisco plan.)

South west corner, Main & 3d South Temple Sts,

SALT LAKE CITY.

STEELE, ROGERS & CO., Proprietors.

We are now prepared to accommodate all those who extend to us their patronage.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Also, supplied with the

Best the Market Affords.

☞ Ball parties accommodated on the shortest notice. d6tf

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,

NEW-YORK.

S. LELAND & CO.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

SAN FRANCISCO.

LELAND & CO.

UNION HALL,

SARATOGA SPRINGS.

W. W. LELAND & CO.

dec29-2m

NEW STORE! NEW STORE !!

ELLIS & BROTHERS

Have just received a full and complete assortment of

General Merchandise,

consisting in part of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS.

MILLINERY GOODS IN VARIETY,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats,

Embroideries of all descriptions,

Cassimere and Berage Shawls,

Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes,

Yankee Notions, etc., etc.

Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's

Ready Made Clothing.

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Hats and Caps of all prices and qualities,

Boots and shoes of the best manufacture,

California blankets of varied shades,

Straw mattings, Window shades, etc.

And a full and complete assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY

Rope of all sizes. Glass and Queens ware. Stationery and Blank Books. Dye Stuffs, etc.,

All of which we offer for sale, wholesale and retail, at prices cheaper than the cheapest, taking as our motto

Small Profits and Quick Sales.

One of our firm residing in the market city, our facilities are such that we shall constantly be in receipt of new goods, which we will endeavor always to purchase with an eye open to the requirements and to the advantage of this community.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we assure you that you will be satisfied.

Politeness, strict attention, and Accommodation to Customers, will always be the order of the day.

☞ All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

. Our place of business is on the west side of East Temple street, (Main street.)

o8-tf ELLIS & BROTHERS.

SCOTT, KERR & CO.,

BANKERS,

(*Successors of Powers, Neuman & Co.,*)

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

(Godbe's old Drug Store,)

Receive Moneys on Deposit.

Buy Coin,

Gold Dust,

and Exchange.

Pay interest on Time Deposits, by special agreement, and transact a General Banking Business.

CORRESPONDENTS:

METROPOLITAN BANK, N. Y. CITY.

DREXEL & CO., Phila., Pa.

SCOTT, KERR & CO., Leavenworth, Kansas. dec1-tf

SALT LAKE NEWS DEPOT

AND

CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

Main street, between Market and South Temple Streets.

Constantly on hand a full supply of Eastern and Western PAPERS and PERIODICALS, and a choice selection of NOVELS and light LITERATURE for sale, exchange, or hire.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TAKEN FOR PAPERS.

THE NEW YORK LEDGER,

It is not yet too late to subscribe for the above, commencing from the New Year.

Anything in this line, not procurable in the place, can be sent for by the

SALT LAKE NEWS DEPOT.

CALL AND INQUIRE,

West Main Street, between Theater and South Temple. dec8 tf

YOUNG AMERICA SALOON.

THE undersigned having newly purchased and fitted up the above Saloon, respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and the public, as they are always prepared to supply them with the finest brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

HOT AND COLD DRINKS

got up in the

FINEST STYLE.

Liquors, 25 cents.

nov21tf R. JACKSON.

A DESIRABLE THING.

A WELL MADE BOOT OR SHOE, THAT combines ease and comfort with that elegance and gracefulness so sought for and admired by persons of good taste and sound judgment, can always be obtained at a REASONABLE PRICE, by engaging the services of

MR. DAVID PUDNEY,

At the Josephite Missionary House, 12th Ward,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

Ladies and Gentlemen, so desiring, will be waited upon at their residences.

Orders from Camp Douglas respectfully solicited. dec7-tf

CITY BAKERY.

THE undersigned beg most respectfully to announce to the public of

SALT LAKE CITY & UTAH TERRITORY,

that they have opened, on Main Street, opposite the Salt Lake House, an

EXTENSIVE BAKERY,

where at all times may be found a full assortment of

Pastry and Cakes of all Kinds,

among which are the following:

FRUIT CAKES,

POUND, do.,

CHRISTMAS, do.,

WASHINGTON, do.,

BOSTON GREEN, do.,

JELLY, do.,

JELLY ROLLS,

and a large stock of

CANDIES,

NUTS,

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,

to which they invite the attention of all.

dec20-tf BRADBURN & CO.

BEN. HOLLADAY, New York. | W. L. HALSEY, G. S. L. City.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY,

BANKERS.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for

GOLD DUST AND COIN.

Deal largely in Coin or Currency.

Cash paid for Govern't Vouchers.

Drafts payable in Coin or Currency sold on

New York,

San Francisco, Cal.,

Virginia City, Nevada,

Denver City, Colorado,

Atchison, Kansas,

Portland, Oregon and

Victoria, Vancouver Island, Columbia.

Foreign Currency and Bullion bought or sold. d6tf

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

Washington, Jan. 19th, 1865.

Federals garrisoning the place had a heavy fight; the guerrillas retreated, being driven from the town.

New York, Jan. 19th, 1865.

The Tribune's special says the President has been closeted all day, denying himself to all new comers. It is whispered that two Alabama peace envoys had an audience and that the President was giving his mind to endeavor to bring about a settlement.

The Richmond Examiner of the 16th says: Rumors concerning the nature of the peace negotiations that Blair carries back with him, are very numerous. We are confidently assured the mission brought the peace question to the point that provides for the appointment of commissioners from either side, with the authority to lay a peace foundation.

The Whig of the 16th says: It is understood that Blair had a private and confidential interview with the President. He came in no official capacity and had no official interview with any member of the government. The belief in well informed circles, is that this interview may lead to a conference between authorized agents or commissioners of the two governments. It is known that President Davis will permit no obstacle of form to stand in the way of sending or receiving commissioners. Blair was handsomely entertained during his sojourn in Richmond. It is understood that Blair told the President that he came in no official character, but simply with the consent and knowledge of Lincoln. He expressed the opinion that Lincoln would certainly appoint commissioners to meet commissioners appointed by our President.

New York, Jan. 19th.

The Richmond Whig, in last Monday's issue, states that Jeff Davis sent an autograph letter to Blair, expressing his willingness to send or receive commissioners authorized to negotiate peace. The boat that took Blair from Richmond on its way back carried to that place Gen. Singleton, of Illinois, a peace Democrat, from whose visit some Richmond papers are hoping for much in way of pacification.

Notwithstanding the fact that the military authorities have shut up the principal highways leading to the Yankee lines, the negroes continue, the Richmond papers say, to flee from that city in gangs in apprehension of being conscripted into the rebel army.

Washington, Jan. 19th.

A resolution of thanks to Admiral Porter, his officers and men, and to Maj. Gen. Terry, his officers and men, for the capture of Fort Fisher, passed the Senate unanimously.

The Daily Union Vedette.

MONDAY MORNING, JAN. 23, 1865.

The Book of Mormon vs. Polygamy.

The Book of Mormon and the Book of Doctrines and Covenants strictly and positively prohibits the practice of polygamy in the Mormon Church. In 1843 Joseph Smith claimed that he had received a (so termed) revelation authorizing polygamy. Fearing the anger of his wife, the twentieth and twenty-first sections of that document are devoted to Emma Smith, in which she is commanded to "receive all that are given unto Joseph," and "to abide and cleave unto Joseph and none else," and failing to do so she should be destroyed, etc. It appears—using a sporting phrase—that Joseph knew how "to hedge." It is denied by certain parties that Smith ever made such a claim, and his removal of Bennett from the Mayoralty of Nauvoo for practicing polygamy, is frequently cited in proof of the assertion. Be this as it may, the so-claimed revelation was not published for many years. It is a fact that the church leaders approached this festering sore with great caution, and for a period of ten years it was only indulged in by leading men and vaguely hinted at from time to time. Not until church leaders had been located in Utah for several years and until they thought themselves perfectly secure, did Brigham Young announce the so claimed revelation to the world.

We witness a set of church leaders, setting at defiance the Book of Mormon and Book of Doctrines and Covenants—the foundation stone of the Mormon religion—and interpolating dogmas suiting their own lustful opinions. We notice one gross inconsistency concerning the alleged right of this doctrine of polygamy. Their newspapers in England advise converts to abstain from polygamy while in England, because the law of that nation forbids and punishes the crime. In America they claim the right to exercise polygamy in face of the law of Congress against it, and the fact that the civil law everywhere, when free to punish, enforces punishment for it.

Query: *Has the occupation of Mexico by Louis Napoleon, anything to do with the persistency with which church leaders cling to polygamy, and the utter disregard manifested by them for the authority of the Government?*

A MEMORABLE DAY.—Sunday, Jan'y 22nd, 1865 will ever be a memorable day in Utah. If we mistake not, when the anniversaries of battles, of bloody fields and heroic struggles shall have been forgotten, yesterday will be remembered with praise and thanksgiving. It was indeed the dawn of a new era, and an important step towards civilization and the advancement of the people was taken.

In the Hall of the Y. M. Literary Association of Great Salt Lake City, a christian congregation was organized, and the new minister, Rev. Norman McLeod, was installed.

The Hall was more than crowded, and many were unable to obtain seats. At 11 o'clock after the usual preliminary exercises, the Reverend Gentleman delivered a most impressive sermon, from the text, "Can any good come out of Nazareth? Come and see." Rarely have we listened to a more argumentative or eloquent discourse. The purity of diction, the soundness of views, the breadth of argument, and the extent of christian charity exhibited, spoke alike for the head and heart of the preacher. It was a novel thing to hear the word of the living God proclaimed in Utah—to hear the preacher lift up his voice in behalf of our country, and teach Christ and Him crucified.

The establishment here of a christian denomination will long be remembered.

In the afternoon Mr. McLeod preached at Camp, and in the evening again in the City. Hereafter there will be regular Divine services every Sabbath at 11 A. M. and at 7 P. M.

We were gratified to see that the large congregation was not entirely composed of so-called "Gentiles," but many of the Saints were present. To them as to others the words of the preacher are adapted. "Come and see." Hear for yourselves, think for yourselves, act for yourselves. Let in the light and surely the darkness will pass away. "Error of opinion may be tolerated," said Jefferson, "while truth is left free to combat it."

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY VEDETTE.]

New York, Jan. 18th.

Sailed on the 18th, ships Reynard, Midnight and York, for San Francisco

Headquarters Army Potomac, January, 16th.

A number of deserters came into our lines in front of Petersburg, last evening, who report the Danville railroad, between Danville and Greensboro for forty-five miles, destroyed by the heavy rains, and every culvert and every bridge carried away, and that Lee's army is likely to be out of rations altogether soon. The quantity they issue now is utterly inadequate to satisfy the wants. Every effort is being made to rebuild the road, large gangs of men are detailed for that purpose, but it will take some days to repair it.

New York, Jan. 18th.

Advices from Vera Cruz to the 31st ult. and the City of Mexico to the 27th have arrived.

Maximillian has written a letter to his Minister, Escuderan, re-affirming his views as to the church, announcing that though there is to be full and free toleration for religious opinion; yet the state of religion will be Catholic. It is stated in Mexico that the Imperial Government will be recognized by the United States in March. This report finds credence in diplomatic circles at the Capital. At present the whereabouts of Juarez is not known, but he is supposed to be with Gen. Pattonia, at Alamo, a town in Sonora. More of Juarez' chiefs have, according to Gov't journals, given in their adhesion to the Government.

New York, Jan. 18th.

The Post's special says it is reported that the Finance bill, in the House, will be modified so as to favor contraction.

A Savannah letter says, the Union sentiment is increasing in consequence of the mildness of Sherman's policy and Geary's administration of affairs in the City. No restriction is placed upon trade, except upon cotton and articles contraband of war. Sherman's policy is having its effect in the interior and in south-western Georgia. Nine counties have issued calls for Union meetings, and there are two daily papers published in Savannah, all that Sherman will allow.

New York, Jan. 21st.

The World's Port Royal correspondent of the 17th says: Ere this reaches N. Y Sherman's grand army will be on the move and we will soon hear of the stars and stripes floating over more of the rebel cities.

A brother of Gen. Hardee and others having made claim to cotton in Savannah, Gen. Sherman gave them a written reply in which he said the cotton ought to go into the hands of the general Government, which he said could never be indemnified for the blood or treasure required to reclaim possession of Savannah. This was his opinion, still, they might go to Washington and try to have the decision reversed.

The Times' Savannah correspondent of the 17th says, at this writing, the left wing of Sherman's army is moving from Savannah on a line which the enemy may possibly ascertain. For himself he thought that the rebels will make a stand at Ashley's, thirty miles south of Charleston, and then fall back on that city. They have not men nor stamina to stand against Sherman's magnificent army.

The Times' Washington special says, the cabinet was in session several hours, supposed to be on Blair's mission to Richmond.

New York, Jan. 19th.

A Fortress Monroe correspondent says the Raleigh Whig comes out openly for reconstruction.

Owing to infesting troubles, the interior of the state is filled with deserters and outlaws. The militia have thrown away their arms and gone home.

Washington, Jan. 19th.

The House adopted the resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of assessing one per cent on the first six hundred dollars of income tax.

Mr. Cole, from the Committee on the Pacific Railroad, reported a bill to aid in the construction of the railroad connecting the Pacific road from California to the Columbia river, Oregon. A consideration of the bill was postponed to one week from to-day.

A cavalry expedition of five hundred men, which started from Prospect Hill, has returned, having scouted through Fairfax and Loudon counties, as far as Warrenton. They found no large bodies of rebels in arms, but brought in eleven prisoners and fifty-two horses. The Union troops didn't lose a man.

New York, Jan. 20th.

The Tribune's Washington special says: One result of Secretary Stanton's visit to Savannah is, to solve the doubt as to the soundness of Gen. Sherman on the negro question. This soldier's views and policy are those of his government. His treatment of the niggers of Savannah has inspired them with confidence, and they really love him. It is wholly understood here that the country will be electrified in a few days by an order from him, partitioning among them the abandoned Sea Island property of fugitive rebel planters, and establishing them in their new freeholds, and laying the foundation for a new social condition in the South, and whose superstruction but a few politicians in the country are now permitted clearly to see.

The Herald's special says that Blair, Sen., will start for Richmond again tomorrow. Since his return he has been in frequent close consultation with the President and other leading members of the administration, but of what character his communication has been or with what authority he is now clothed is a fact unknown. That he should so soon return is indicative of his having been charged with some communication by Mr. Davis, the tenor of which has not been made public, and which, in connection with the successes achieved by our forces since his interview with the rebel executive, and the evident disinclination of the mass of the Southern people to continue the war, induces the belief on the part of the administration that resources and statesmanship may now be usefully employed in connection with the rigorous prosecution of the military and naval operations to bring about a termination of the existing difficulties. It is not certain that he returns at once to the rebel capitol; this would indicate that Mr. Blair's first mission was far more successful than at first alleged.

The Tribune's Montreal correspondent, for whose trustworthiness the editor vouches, announces a proposed rebel raid over the border, for the purpose of releasing the prisoners in the Clinton prison, and that Plattsburg, Keesville, Burlington, and Waterbury, Vt., and Haverhill, N. H., will be visited.

A special to the Tribune, from Washington, says: Gen. Butler has turned over to his successor half a million of dollars, the proceeds of taxes on sutlers and other traders.

It is rumored that Senator McDougal, of California, will resign.

Baltimore, Jan. 20th.

The reports by the Fortress Monroe boat say, the arrival from off Wilmington last evening, brings intelligence that the rebels had blown up Fort Caswell, and Wilmington was said to be evacuated.

New York, Jan. 20th.

The Post's special says that Blair left Washington for Richmond to day taking a steamer for City Point. It is believed he is to have an interview with prominent members of the rebel Congress.

A party of rebels captured a train on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, near Harper's ferry, last night.

Washington, Jan. 20th.

Several rebel Congressmen have expressed a desire to confer with authorized officers of the U. S on peace.

Blair's errand to Richmond this time is more important than before.

Boston, Jan. 20th.

The Massachusetts Senate voted, this afternoon, for U. S. Senator, and the following is the result: Henry Wilson, 37; J. A. Andrew, 3.

The Maine House of Representatives unanimously passed resolutions in favor of amending the Constitution of the U. S. abolishing slavery.

Washington, Jan. 20th.

The House and Senate passed a joint resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Gen. Terry and the officers and men of his command, which was passed unanimously.

A resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Gen. Thomas and the officers and men of his command for the skill and dauntless courage by which the rebel army was signally defeated and driven from Tennessee, was unanimously adopted.

The Senate passed a joint resolution of thanks to Rear-Admiral Porter and the officers and seamen and marines of his command for the recent attack on Fisher—unanimously passed.

New York, Jan. 20th.

The Tribune's correspondent, writing from Beaufort, the 7th, says, as matters now rest, the advantages of the situation, are largely on our side and they were deceived as to our original intentions. Most of the rebel forces designed to protect the Mobile and Ohio railroad and the navigation of the Alabama, and Tombigbee rivers are far up the interior or else are scattered in their endeavors to cover the vulnerable points of railroad, as they have no great strength, and they furthermore fear that another raid from Vicksburg or Memphis won't permit them to alter their present disposition of troops. They cannot make a movement without endangering their communications with Mobile. This state of affairs is being taken advantage of, and such movements and dispositions are being made as to promise us speedily to compass the fall of the city. Gen Granger is already active, while troops on and near the Pascagoula river won't be far behind.

New York, Jan. 20th.

The monitor Patapsco was destroyed off Charleston on the the 17th, while doing picket duty, by a rebel torpedo and forty or fifty of her crew went down with her.

On the night of the 14th the 17th corps, commanded by Gen. Hatch, advanced on the Pocotaligo Bridge, on the Charleston and Savannah railroad, and captured it, together with twelve guns; losing in the charge forty men killed and wounded. The guns were spiked and the enemy evacuated during the night, and fell back towards Charleston.

Washington, Jan. 20th.

The Richmond Examiner of the 18th says: The report of Seddons retirement from the Cabinet has not been confirmed. The Secretary of War has directed the Provost Marshal at Fredericksburg, to release Mr. Foote from custody. It is now uncertain whether he will proceed to Washington or return to Richmond.

St. Louis, Jan 20th.

The Democrat learns that the 23rd corps of Gen. Schofield's army will soon join Sherman via. of the Tennessee and Ohio rivers and railroad to tide water, and thence by sea.

New York, Jan. 20th.

The World thinks the Richmond papers show that the south is in a position of apprehension and despair and would willingly give up the contest if any hope of magnanimous treatment at the hands of our government were offered. It hopes the administration will embrace the opportunity to secure peace.

The Tribune publishes an article from a Havana paper on the discussion between the Emperor of Mexico and the Mexican clergy, and thinks the rupture will greatly encourage the hopes of the Liberals for the speedy restoration of a Republican form of government.

A Richmond correspondent of the Charleston Mercury says: The hopes of seeing Gen. Lee commander-in chief, are now in danger of being frustrated. It is now said the Executive never contemplated anything of the kind.

Fortress Monroe, Jan. 19th.

The steamer Blackstone arrived this a. m. from Fort Fisher. The latest news is, that shortly after the surrender of the fort, the rebels blew up Fort Caswell and other inner works defending the entrance to Cape Fear river. At the time of sailing, the smaller gunboats had entered the river and were actively engaged in searching for torpedoes, preparatory to the advance on Wilmington. Shortly after the capture of Fisher, a diagram containing a plan of the whole system of torpedo arrangements in Cape Fear river was discovered and our naval officers are making search for the key to the diagram, by which means the infernal designs of the enemy would be completely frustrated.

Washington, Jan. 20th.

The Navy Department has dispatches from Admiral Porter of the 18th, which say the gunboats are now in the river and Wilmington is sealed against blockade runners. The rebels have destroyed the works on Smith's Island. The Admiral says he was at Fort Malakoff a few days after its surrender to the French and English and it would not compare either in size or strength with Ft. Fisher.

The Richmond Despatch of the 17th says: The enemy is prosecuting his enterprises. He allows our armies no rest day or night, and yet not one single step has been taken by our [illegible] for any object whatever. [illegible] the remotest bearing upon [illegible] against the vengeance of our implacable enemies. The people have become more depressed than ever before, because they have been flattered by hopes of peace by persons who well knew there could be no peace short of submission and enslavement.

New York, Jan. 20th.

Richmond papers contain a debate in the Rebel Congress, which shows that the Committee on Foreign Relations, to which was referred the peace propositions, have reported unanimously in favor of sending Commissioners to sue for peace, and also shows that his action has produced a rupture between the Davis and Richmond oligarchy on the one side, and Congress on the other, which is shaking the whole framework of the Confederacy. Mr. Orr declared that the people were determined that by some firm statesmanship of the country, shall be invoked in an honest effort to end the carnival of death, by a negotiation. The debate is the most important which has occurred during the war.

Richmond papers are again abusing Jeff. Davis, Gen. Bragg and all others except Lee for allowing Fort Fisher to fall. They again call for Lee as Dictator.

The Richmond Sentinel having published an article denouncing the peace resolutions as treason. An exciting debate took place in the House in which the Sentinel was roughly handled, and Jeff. Davis was accused of endeavoring to intimidate the advocates of an honorable and peaceful settlement of the war. In the House, also, there was a debate on the proposed repeal of the exemption law. Marshall, of Kentucky, was in favor of a clean sweep of every man in the country. He said the rebels hadn't began to fight yet. Others said the country needed farmers, and the people should be divided into soldiers and producers.

The Richmond Whig says, a proposition which came from Davis, to repeal the emancipation law, rightfully finds little favor in Congress.

The Examiner suggests that all cotton at Wilmington be burned, as the port is being closed and the place no longer of any consequence and may fall into the enemy's hands. The Enquirer acknowledging the port closed, says, now for the first time we are thrown entirely upon our own resources. Butler could have taken it on Christmas day but he didn't because he was afraid it would be folly to pretend that the port of Wilmington was not of great value to our cause, but that it did us much harm, is equally clear.

St. Louis, Jan. 21st.

In the Convention, the Committee on the Whole, on the Bill of Rights, yesterday, passed by nearly a unanimous vote, the following: That this state shall ever remain a member of the American Union, and that all attempts from whatever source and upon whatever pretext to dissolve the said Union or sever the said state, ought to be resisted with the whole power of the state. That every citizen of this state owes a paramount allegience to the Constitution and Government of the United States, and no law or ordinance of this state in contravention thereof, can have any binding force. An ordinance has been introduced confiscating the property of rebels engaged in overt acts, asking Congress to release the claim of the United States to confiscate rebel property to the state of Missouri.

Washington, Jan. 22nd.

The Richmond Despatch of 19th says: Our most reliable information is, that the enemy had attempted to advance towards Wilmington. Fort Caswell was, at last advices, held by our forces. It is feared 'twill be rendered useless to us by the enemy blockading the river at the point between it and Wilmington.

Charleston, Jan. 15th.

A heavy force of the enemy advanced from Beaufort yesterday morning against Pocataligo, which place was evacuated last night by Gen. McLaws.

Refugees from Savannah report that Sherman's army has gone to Wilmington.

Charleston, Jan. 16th.

After abandoning Pocataligo, our forces took a position behind the Tombigbee river. No further movement was made yesterday. The enemy is believed to be arriving at Branchville.

Two monitors were sunk last night in this harbor, probably by torpedoes.

Deserters and prisoners report the force that advanced from Beaufort to consist of the 15th and 17th corps, with little artillery or baggage, and that Sherman was moving by railroad, with the remainder of his army, artillery, trains, etc. They report also that Charleston is their destination. The enemy ad-

vanced within two miles of the Tombigbee yesterday, and the [illegible]

It is rumored in Richmond that Hood had been superceded by Dick Taylor.

New York, Jan. 21st

The Richmond Whig of the 18th publishes an important letter from Jeff Davis in reply to a letter from Senators from Georgia, in which they took ground against the resolutions introduced in the rebel House in favor of the re-construction. Davis argues that a convention of the States is impracticable and that peace movements on the part of individual States tends only to the creation of discord in the confederacy. He says that the only plan by which peace can be obtained, is provided for in the rebel Constitution. He does not say what this plan is, but proceeds at length to show that all propositions looking to conventions for negotiations are futile, and that the United States will not negotiate; that they will not accept anything but surrender, which the rebel States cannot and will not grant.

New York, Jan. 21st

The Commercial's special says the Finance Bill passed yesterday, authorizing the issue of one hundred and two million Treasury notes, which will at once be paid to the army.

It is reported that Gen. DeCastagny had taken possession of Durango, Mexico, and Marguez had taken Colima. Ortega losing all his infantry and artillery Cowajal is said to be trying to get across the Rio Grande into Texas.

Washington, Jan. 21st.

Information from the army of the Potomac states that considerable firing took place in front of Petersburg, near the Appomattox, on Friday, the result is unknown. About forty deserters came into our lines on Thursday, in a state of destitution. An arrival from City Point yesterday, states that a great deal of picket firing took place in front of Petersburg on Thursday night.

Admiral Porter, in his detailed report of the attack on Fisher, gives the total number of naval officers killed and wounded at 21, and of others killed, wounded and missing at 309. He states the rebels have blown up Fort Caswell and the rebel steamers Tallahassee and Chickamauga, and that we will be in Wilmington before long.

The Charleston Mercury states that large reinforcements have arrived in that city.

The resolution of the rebel Senate creating the office of commander-in-chief of all the armies of the confederacy and recommending that Gen Johnson be re instated, has been passed, and this will, if carried make Lee commander in chief of all the rebel armies.

Local Matters.

THE Y. M. L. Association made their guests and selves happy and merry at the "hop" on Friday evening last. The dance opened at 7 P. M., and the boots and slippers moved lively until 12, when all went home like good people.

THE Union Varieties, under a change of organization, and with the addition of Mr. Dye, a very celebrated Ethiopian delineator, will give a performance at the Camp Theater this evening.

THE nomination of officers in Garrison Lodge, I. O. G. T., for the ensuing term, will take place to morrow evening in their hall.

We hear that there are two government trains "snow bound" in the vicinity of the South Pass.

PRICE OF GOLD.

COIN—1.90.
DUST—Virginia $30.00: Boise $27.

DASHAWAY SOCIETY.

THE QUARTERLY MEETING of this Society will be held on FRIDAY evening next, in the quarters formerly occupied by Co. F Inf't; to elect officers for the ensuing term. A full attendance is requested.

L. M. McNAUGHTON, President.
Camp Douglas, Jan. 21, 1865. 2t

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

WE HAVE for sale, or will exchange for Oats, Wheat, Barley, Hay Wood, Wagons, Horses or Mules,

A NEW HOUSE

Of six rooms, with Kitchen Shed behind, situated on East side of Emigrant Square 8th Ward, the lot being nearly an acre in extent, with

40 Bearing Fruit Trees,

Apple, Peach and Apricot. Title perfect.
Jan23-tf JOHN SHEPHERD.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forbidden to do any work on, or take possession of, or trespass upon the claim known as the STAR COMPANY, in the Hope Lodge located in Egan Canon, Lander County, State of Nevada.

By order of the shareholders.

CHARLES BILLIG, Secretary.
Camp Douglas, U. T., January 20, 1865.
jan21-1w

NOTICE.

STAR COMPANY, Hope Lode, Gold Canon Mining District, Lander County, State of Nevada.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the shareholders of said Company, held on the 19th day of January, 1865, an assessment of one dollar (in currency) per foot was levied, payable to the Treasurer at Camp Douglas, U. T.

CHARLES BILLIG, Secretary and Treasurer.
jan21-1w

WANTED.—A good girl to cook and do general house-work in a respectable family in the city. Apply at Gilbert's store or at the office of H. Livingston, Main street, Great Salt Lake City. jan17-tf

NOTICE

IS hereby given to all persons owning interest in the RUSH VALLEY MINING DISTRICT, that a meeting will be held at Messrs. Norton & Jayne's Hall at Stockton on SATURDAY, February 4th, 1865, for the purpose of revising the By-Laws of said Rush Valley Mining District.

ANDREW CAMPBELL, Recorder.
jan19-td

NOTICE.

STOCKTON, Tooele County, Utah, January 1st, 1865. Major P. A. GALLAGHER is our authorized Agent to transact business for us and in our name, in Stockton and Tooele County.

jan 14-1m CLARK, ROGERS & Co

SUMMONS.

BE it remembered, that at the December term A. D. 1864, of the District Court of Madison county, in the Territory of Montana, it was ordered that publication be made in the UNION VEDETTE, once a week for one month, of the following Summons:

Territory of Montana, Madison county, ss.
In District Court. Summons.
Miles Cavanaugh and Elizabeth Cavanaugh plaintiffs, against Frank Harvay and I. D. Bayliss, defendants.

TO THE DEFENDANTS:

SIR: You are hereby summoned and required to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which was filed with me as clerk of said Court, on the 7th day of November, 1864 at my office in Virginia City, in said county and Territory, within twenty days, from the date of the service hereof upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint as herein required, the plaintiffs will take decree prayed for, in complaint and cost in the action.

This action is brought to set aside a pre-emption.

SEAL. Witnes my hand and seal of said Court, affixed this 7th day of November, 1864.

R. N. HILL, Clerk.
WM. CHUMASERO, plaintiffs Att'y.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

AT

WALKER BRO'S.

FLOUR,
WHEAT,
OATS,
BARLEY,
CORN MEAL,
BUTTER,
BACON,

ALSO

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND FEET OF SQUARE EDGED LUMBER.

Jan9-tf

SALT LAKE HOUSE.

East Temple Street.....Salt Lake City

THIS LARGE AND EXCELLENT HOTEL HAS BEEN open so long to the public, that it is unnecessary for the proprietor to give it any recommendation, except that it has lately been re modeled and re-fitted with extensive additions, has First Class accommodations, good, clean Beds, and Tables supplied with the

BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

In connection with the House is a BAR always furnished with the choicest brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Jan1tf F. LITTLE, Proprietor.

WALKER BRO'S.

MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY,

AND

At the old stand of STAITES & NEEDHAM, and of FAIRFIELD, as Post Commander

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS

—IN—

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS.
Jan9-tf

G. McFARLAND

Dealer in

WINES AND LIQUORS.

Hill's old Stand, Groesbeck's Building, Second Adobe House.

Old Hennessey,
Rochelle Brandies,
Monongahela Gin,
Scotch Whisky,
Bluffdale Whisky,
Valley Whisky,
SHERRY, CALIFORNIA, CURRANT,

AND

Champagne Wines.

☞ Particular attention is solicited to an Article of

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

Which is recommended as an unequalled appetizer, and the best strengthening MEDICINE known. Those who have used it to remove the lassitude of the system occasioned by excesses, proclaim it

AN ELEGANT EYE OPENER.

Toning the Stomach to a healthful condition, reducing the head to its proper proportions, and rejuvenating the whole MAN. It gives Roses to the Cheek and brightness to the Eye.

"It gently soothes the brow of care,
And writes a thousand graces there."

All of the above sold in quantities from a Pint upwards, at a very moderate advance from cost.

G. McFARLAND.
SALT LAKE CITY, January 14th, 1865.
jan14tf

GOLD! GOLD! GOLD!!

Just arrived from San Francisco and open at

NIXONS OLD STORE

Now occupied by BOURNE & NEEDHAM, East Temple Street

A beautiful, large and fine selection of

LADIES' AND GENTS' GOLD
—AND—
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD VEST CHAINS,
CHATELAIN CHAINS,
SILVER CHAINS,

A splendid assortment

—OF—

LADIES GOLD SETS.

AND

Every other description of JEWELRY
Also Watchmakers tools, Watch Glasses, Hands, etc. etc. etc.

JOHN MEEKS.
jan14tf

S. J. LEE. B. B. SHOEBRIDGE.

LEES & SHOEBRIDGE,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FLOUR, GRAIN, &c.

East Temple Street.....Salt Lake City.

N. B. Particular attention paid to outfitting Miners, Traders, etc. jan14tf

DENTISTRY.

DR. W. F. GRISWOLD,
DENTIST.

OFFICE at the residence of Mrs. HAY, East Temple Street, S. L. City.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION TO
GILBERT & SONS, HOLLADAY & RANKIN,
CLARK & CO., SCOTT, [illegible] & CO.
jan14-tf

BODENBURG & KAHN

Respectfully announce to the residents of the Territory, that they have just received from the Eastern Market,

an entire new stock of

Merchandise,

which they offer for sale at their STORE, on

EAST TRIPLE STREET.

DRY GOODS,

Consisting of

SILKS, FRENCH AND ENGLISH MERINOS,
POPLINS, LAWNS, MOHAIRS,
MOZAMBIQUES, PLAIN AND FANCY DELAINES,
PRINTS, DENIMS, HICKORYS,
CHECKS, SHEETINGS, LINSEYS, FLANNELS,

and a variety of New Styles

WOOLEN GOODS, NUBIAS, SCARFS

—and—

DOUBLE SHAWLS.

GROCERIES

Of the Finest

Tea,
Sugar,
Coffee,
Spices,
Dye Stuffs, etc.

Also, a Splendid Stock of

Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes,

Boots' Ready Made

Clothing & Furnishing Goods

MILITARY CLOTH,

Hardware, Queensware, Stationery

Cigars,

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO,

[illegible]

GREENBECK'S SALOON,

Cor. Main and 21 South Temple St.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING NEWLY supplied the above saloon with the best brands of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,

Is the only place where you can get the real

SAN FRANCISCO COCKTAILS,
NEW YORK PUNCHES, and
PHILADELPHIA TOM AND JERRY.

[illegible]

CLARK & CO., BANKERS

Great Salt Lake City.

DEALERS IN

COIN,
GOLD DUST
AND EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with the Metropolitan Bank, New York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia. jan1

G. ROSENBAUM, L. NEWMAN

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY

MEAT MARKET.

ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN

TAKE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC THAT THEY HAVE

Now Opened

—THE—

LARGEST MEAT STALL IN THE CITY

WHERE THE

Choicest Meat

will always be on Hand,

BEEF
PORK
MUTTON
VEAL
LAMB
PORK SAUSAGE,
HEAD CHEESE,
LIVER SAUSAGE,

CORNED BEEF AND PORK,

PICKLED TONGUE,
SWEET BREADS,
TRIPE,
BRAINS,

And everything in the Business.

THE Patronage of the Public is respectfully solicited for this establishment.

Every effort will be made to gratify the wishes of customers, and orders sent by the young men have the same prompt attention.

WE INVITE INSPECTION.

N. B.—Purchasers will have their Meat sent to any part of the City

Free of Charge.

ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN.
January 10th, 1865. tf

CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE CITY.

MANSION HOUSE

Corner Emigration Street and Main re-

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

The Subscriber having returned this House respectfully announces to the public that he is prepared to furnish

BOARD and LODGING

cheaper than is now offered in any public house in this city. Good clean BEDS and comfortable ROOMS.

☞ The table will always be supplied with the best the Market affords.

Terms:

Boarding per week.....
Boarding, per day.....
Lodging.....

☞ The BILLIARD PARLOR and a good COFFEE at the premises.

W. B. WILSON, Proprietor.
jan14tf

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

St. Louis, Jan. 19th.

The Bill of Rights was before the Convention yesterday, when the following section passed: First. We hold it to be self evident that all men were created equally free and endowed by the Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which life, liberty and the enjoyment of the fruits of their own labor, pursuit and happiness are one. That there cannot be in this State either slavery or involuntary servitude, except as punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted. Third. That no person can, on account of his color, be disqualified as a witness, be disabled to contract, or be prevented from acquiring, holding, or transmitting property, or be liable to any other punishment for any offense than that imposed upon others for like offence, or be restricted in exercise of religious worship, or be hindered in acquiring education, or be subject to any other restrictions or modifications.

New York, Jan. 21st.

The Herald's correspondent says: Sherman's preparations for a new movement are nearly completed. The 17th corps, under Blair, and Hatch's division of Foster's army, were in secure possession of the important position of Pocotaligo Bridge, on the Charleston and Savannah railroad. The 15th corps would soon join them. Sherman had issued an order giving notice to farmers that they may visit Savannah, Fernina and Jacksonville, to exchange their produce for supplies needed by their families, guaranteeing them protection, and in case they or any Union citizens of Georgia are molested, severe retaliation is to be visited upon the rebels. He also encourages the people to meet together and take measures for the restoration of the State and the national civil government.

Several vessels was already loaded with captured cotton, and when a sufficient number are in readiness to sail, they will be dispatched northward under a strong gunboat convoy.

Two or three unsuccessful incendiary attempts to destroy portions of the immense stores and valuable staples, have been made.

President Lincoln has issued an order opening the Savannah post-office for a regular mail business.

The Herald's Nassau correspondent of the 18th says: The utmost activity prevailed on the anglo-rebel blockade running fleet plying between Charleston, Wilmington and Nassau. Cotton valued at three and a half million of dollars had been landed at Nassau from the above named ports within [illegible] days.

A large number of British trading vessels sailed from Liverpool, London and Clyde, laden with supplies for the rebels.

Two blockade runners cleared for Wilmington from Nassau on the 14th inst., and they have probably discovered before now on arriving at the New Inlet, of the change that has taken place in the position of affairs there, and that they were just running into the hands of the enemy to [illegible]

There are forty thousand Jews in the Federal army.

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to forward any amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Mule or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

And start as early as the 1st of March.

Office at my place, one door south of Godb 's Drug S

HOWARD LIVINGSTONE.

Salt Lake City, Feb. 2d, 1864. jan10

CALL AT

WALKER BRO'S

—FOR—

French and English Merinos,
Alpaca Lustres,
—AND—
Mohairs,
Cobourgs,
Poplins,
Alcetas,
Grenadines,
Ecossais,

ALL WOOL REPS,

Fine Black Silks and Ginghams,
of all qualities,

AMERICAN & FRENCH DELAINES,

Jaconett, Swiss, Book, Dotted and Barred Muslins,

Victoria and Bishops Lawns.

The above line complete in every style.

Bleached and Unbleached Table Damasks,

French Broadcloths and Cassimeres,

All Wool French Shawls,

a beautiful selection.

Flowers, Ruches, Bonnet, Taffeta and Velvet Ribbons,

French Corsets, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Hair Nets, Embroidered and Linen Collars, Fancy Dress Trimmings,

PERFUMERY and STATIONERY,

Shakspeare's and other Dramatic Works, Fancy Albums, and a great variety of Books suitable for Christmas and New Years Presents.

Also, Wilson's Complete Series of School Books.

A very heavy stock of Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

China, Glass and Tin-Ware,

CUTLERY,

Miners' and Carpenters' Tools,

Groceries

of Finest quality, and

CANDIES

in great variety.

WALKER BRO'S.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Begs leave to inform the public that they will soon open their

NEW STORE,

Overland Stage Line Office.

Where they will offer for sale, one of the

Largest and Best Assorted

STOCK

AND ELEGANT EYE OPENER,

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

All of the above sold in quantities at a very small advance from cost.

We shall have

Choice Articles to be found

IN A

FIRST CLASS STORE.

We shall also keep the store we now occupy Where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

OF

Groceries and Provisions

AND

Liberal Deduction Made

TO

COUNTRY DEALERS.

DR. W. F. GELSWOLD,
DENTIST.

Flour, grain and other Produce taken, at highest market prices in exchange for Goods.

jan3-tf N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

GILBERT & SONS,

Main Street, next to Salt Lake House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Groceries,
Provisions,
Clothing,
Hardware,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Stationery,
School Books,

All kinds Preserves, Pie and Can Fruits.

Coats,
Pants,
Vests,
Hats,
Caps,
Boots,
Shoes,
Gloves,
Handk'fs.

And a Splendid Assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also: a Large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Consisting of

Silks,
Lawns,
Cambrics,
Calicoes,
Checks,
Chambrays,
Flannels,
Shawls,
Ribbons,
Laces,
Hose.

And a well selected assortment of

Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Flesh Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Coarse and
Fine Combs,

And a Choice Selection of

Pomades and Perfumeries.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

Remember the place, next door to the Salt Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

jan5-tf GILBERT & SONS.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor,

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States,

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchison, Kansas, Nebraska City and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave every morning at ten o'clock.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE, ATCHISON and NEBRASKA CITY,

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, via. East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via. Boise City, West Bannock.

Time to Denver,..... 5 days
Time to Atchison & Nebraska City 13 "

jan8 tf JOS. S. ROBERTSON, Agent.

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.,

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage, East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchinson, Kansas, and Placerville, California,

And a perfect line of communication between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N.T.

is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City

EVERY DAY,

AT ONE O'CLOCK, P. M.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.

Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864. jan1tf